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IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended) A simulation system for simulating an operation of an automotive vehicle comprising:

an input providing vehicle information and path information;

a controller having a vehicle computer model therein, said controller programmed to determine a rear side slip angle of a vehicle computer model;

determine an initial steering wheel input to the computer model;

when the rear side slip angle is greater than a threshold, determine a look ahead scale factor;

when the rear side slip angle is greater than the threshold, increase a look ahead point as a function of the look ahead scale factor;

determine a <u>first</u> steering wheel angle input to the computer model <u>at a time later than the initial steering wheel angle input</u> by comparing the look ahead point and the intended path;

operate the computer model with the <u>initial</u> steering wheel angle input; and generate an output in response to the vehicle model and [[an]] <u>the</u> initial steering wheel input or first steering wheel input.

- 2. (original) A system as recited in claim 1 wherein the threshold is about 15 degrees.
- 3. (previously presented) A system as recited in claim 1 wherein said controller is programmed to determine a longitudinal vehicle velocity and a lateral vehicle velocity and determining the rear side slip angle as a function of the longitudinal vehicle velocity and the lateral vehicle velocity.
- 4. (original) A system as recited in claim 1 wherein said controller is programmed to determine a look ahead scale factor as a function of the rear side slip angle.

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- (original) A system as recited in claim 1 wherein said controller is programmed to determine a look ahead factor as a function of an exponential of the rear side slip angle.
- 6. (original) A system as recited in claim 1 wherein said controller is programmed to determine a look ahead factor as a function of an exponential of a product of the rear side slip angle and a constant.
- 7. (original) A system as recited in claim 6 wherein the constant is about .02.
- 8. (previously presented) A system as recited in claim 1 wherein, when the rear side slip angle is not greater than the threshold, the controller is programmed to determine an unscaled look ahead factor.
- 9. (original) A system as recited in claim 1 wherein the controller is programmed to determine a steering wheel angle input when the vehicle is not on target.
- 10. (currently amended) A method of operating a vehicle computer model having vehicle information and path information therein, the method operating on a digital computer system and comprising:

determining a rear side slip angle of a vehicle computer model;

determining an initial steering wheel angle input;

when the rear side slip angle is greater than a threshold, determining a look ahead scale factor;

when the rear side slip angle is greater than the threshold, increasing a look ahead point as a function of the look ahead scale factor;

determining a <u>first</u> steering wheel angle input to the computer model <u>at a time later than the initial steering wheel angle input</u> by comparing the look ahead point and the intended path;

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operating the computer model with the <u>initial or first</u> steering wheel angle input; and

outputting results of the operating step.

- 11. (original) A method as recited in claim 10 wherein the threshold is about 15 degrees.
- 12. (original) A method as recited in claim 10 wherein determining a rear side slip angle comprises determining a longitudinal vehicle velocity and a lateral vehicle velocity and determining the side slip angle as a function of the longitudinal vehicle velocity and the lateral vehicle velocity.
- 13. (original) A method as recited in claim 10 wherein determining a look ahead scale factor comprises determining a look ahead factor as a function of the rear side slip angle.
- 14. (original) A method as recited in claim 10 wherein determining a look ahead scale factor comprises determining a look ahead factor as a function of an exponential of the rear side slip angle.
- 15. (original) A method as recited in claim 10 wherein determining a look ahead scale factor comprises determining a look ahead factor as a function of an exponential of a product of the rear side slip angle and a constant.
- 16. (original) A method as recited in claim 15 wherein the constant is about .02.
- 17. (previously presented) A method as recited in claim 10 further comprising, when the rear side slip angle is not greater than the threshold, determining an unscaled look ahead factor.

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- 18. (original) A method as recited in claim 10 further comprising performing the step of determining a steering wheel angle input when the vehicle is not on target.
- 19. (currently amended) A method of operating a vehicle computer model having vehicle information and path information therein comprising:

determining a rear side slip angle of a vehicle computer model; determining a look ahead point;

when the rear side slip angle is greater than a threshold, determining a look ahead scale factor;

when the rear side slip angle is greater than the threshold, increasing the look ahead point as a function of the look ahead scale factor;

when the rear side slip angle is less than the threshold, maintaining the look ahead point;

when the vehicle model is off target, determining a steering wheel angle input to the computer model as a function of an error between the look ahead point and the intended path; and

operating the computer model with the steering wheel angle input; and outputting the results of the operating step.

20. (original) A method as recited in claim 19 wherein determining a look ahead scale factor comprises determining a look ahead factor as a function of an exponential of the rear side slip angle.